**List of Ancient Greek Philosophers**

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This **list of ancient Greek philosophers** contains philosophers who studied in [ancient Greece](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient_Greece%22%20%5Co%20%22Ancient%20Greece) or spoke [Greek](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient_Greek%22%20%5Co%20%22Ancient%20Greek). [Ancient Greek philosophy](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient_Greek_philosophy) began in [Miletus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Miletus%22%20%5Co%20%22Miletus) with the [pre-Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pre-Socratic_philosophy%22%20%5Co%20%22Pre-Socratic%20philosophy) philosopher [Thales](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thales%22%20%5Co%20%22Thales) and lasted through [Late Antiquity](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Late_Antiquity%22%20%5Co%20%22Late%20Antiquity). Some of the most famous and influential philosophers of all time were from the ancient Greek world, including [Socrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socrates%22%20%5Co%20%22Socrates), [Plato](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plato), and [Aristotle](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristotle%22%20%5Co%20%22Aristotle).

| **Name** | **Life** | [**School**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/School_of_thought) | **Notes** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [Acrion](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Acrion) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) | visited by [Plato](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plato) |
| [Adrastus of Aphrodisias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Adrastus_of_Aphrodisias) | 2nd century AD | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) | wrote commentaries on [Aristotle's works](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Corpus_Aristotelicum) and a commentary on [Plato's Timaeus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timaeus_%28dialogue%29) |
| [Aedesia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aedesia) | 5th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | wife of [Hermias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermias_%28philosopher%29), and mother of [Ammonius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ammonius_Hermiae) and [Heliodorus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heliodorus_of_Alexandria) |
| [Aedesius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aedesius) | 3rd / 4th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | studied under [Iamblichus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iamblichus) before founding his own school in [Pergamum](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pergamum) |
| [Aeneas of Gaza](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aeneas_of_Gaza) | 5th / 6th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | a Christian convert who studied under [Hierocles](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierocles_of_Alexandria) |
| [Aenesidemus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aenesidemus) | 1st century BC? | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) | wrote a book called *Pyrrhonist Discourses* which became a central text for the skeptics |
| [Aesara](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aesara) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Aeschines of Neapolis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aeschines_of_Neapolis) | 2nd / 1st century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Aeschines of Sphettus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aeschines_of_Sphettus) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method) | part of Socrates' circle and likely present at his death |
| [Aetius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/A%C3%ABtius_of_Antioch) | 4th century AD | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) | Antiochean convert to Christianity who studied in Alexandria |
| [Agapius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agapius_%28philosopher%29) | 5th / 6th century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | studied under [Marinus of Neapolis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Marinus_of_Neapolis). known for his learning |
| [Agathobulus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agathobulus) | 1st / 2nd century AD | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) | Known for his severe [asceticism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asceticism) and teacher of [Demonax](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demonax) |
| [Agathosthenes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agathosthenes) |  |  |  |
| [Agrippa the Skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agrippa_the_Skeptic) | 1st / 2nd century AD | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) | thought to be the creator of the "five grounds of doubt" |
| [Albinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Albinus_%28philosopher%29) | 2nd century AD | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Alcinous](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alcinous_%28philosopher%29) | 2nd century AD? | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Alcmaeon of Croton](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alcmaeon_of_Croton) | 5th / 5th century BC | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) | interested in medicine |
| [Alexamenus of Teos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alexamenus_of_Teos) | 5th century BC? | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method) | may have been the first to write philosophical dialogues |
| [Alexander of Aegae](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alexander_of_Aegae) | 1st century AD | [Peripatetic school](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) | tutored the emperor [Nero](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nero) |
| [Alexander of Aphrodisias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alexander_of_Aphrodisias) | 2nd / 3rd century AD | [Peripatetic school](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) | influential commentator on the [Corpus Aristotelicum](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Corpus_Aristotelicum) |
| [Alexicrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alexicrates) | 1st / 2nd century AD | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Alexinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alexinus) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) | founded his own school which did not fare well |
| [Amelius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amelius) | 3rd century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | student of [Plotinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plotinus) who wrote voluminously |
| [Ammonius Hermiae](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ammonius_Hermiae) | 5th / 6th century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Ammonius of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ammonius_of_Athens) | 1st century AD | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) | teacher of [Plutarch](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plutarch) |
| [Ammonius Saccas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ammonius_Saccas) | 2nd / 3rd century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | [Plotinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plotinus)' teacher |
| [Anaxagoras](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anaxagoras) | 5th century BC | [Pluralist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pluralist_school) |  |
| [Anaxarchus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anaxarchus) | 4th century BC | [Atomism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atomism) |  |
| [Anaxilaus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anaxilaus) | 1st century BC / 1st century AD | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Anaximander](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anaximander) | 7th / 6th century BC | [Milesian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Milesian_school) |  |
| [Anaximenes of Miletus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anaximenes_of_Miletus) | 6th century BC | [Milesian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Milesian_school) |  |
| [Androcydes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Androcydes_%28Pythagorean%29) | 2nd century BC? | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Andronicus of Rhodes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Andronicus_of_Rhodes) | 1st century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Anniceris](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anniceris) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Antiochus of Ascalon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antiochus_of_Ascalon) | 2nd / 1st century BC | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Antipater of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antipater_of_Cyrene) | 4th century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Antipater of Tarsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antipater_of_Tarsus) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Antipater of Tyre](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antipater_of_Tyre) | 1st century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Antisthenes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antisthenes) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Antoninus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antoninus_%28philosopher%29) | 4th century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Apollodorus of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollodorus_of_Athens) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Apollodorus of Seleucia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollodorus_of_Seleucia) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Apollodorus the Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollodorus_the_Epicurean) | 2nd century BC | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Apollonius Cronus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollonius_Cronus) | 4th century BC | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Apollonius of Tyana](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollonius_of_Tyana) | 1st century AD | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Apollonius of Tyre](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Apollonius_of_Tyre_%28philosopher%29) | 1st century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Arcesilaus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arcesilaus) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Archedemus of Tarsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Archedemus_of_Tarsus) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Archelaus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Archelaus_%28philosopher%29) | 5th century BC | [Pluralist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pluralist_school) |  |
| [Archytas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Archytas) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Arete of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arete_of_Cyrene) | 4th century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Arignote](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arignote) | 6th / 5th century BC | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Aristippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristippus) | 5th / 4th century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Aristippus the Younger](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristippus_the_Younger) | 4th century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Aristoclea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristoclea) | fl. 6th century BC |  |  |
| [Aristocles of Messene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristocles_of_Messene) | 1st century AD? | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Aristocreon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristocreon) | 3rd / 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Aristo of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristo_of_Alexandria) | 2nd /1st century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Aristo of Ceos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristo_of_Ceos) | 3rd / 2nd century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Aristo of Chios](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristo_of_Chios) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Aristotle](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristotle) | 4th century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) | founder of Peripatetic school |
| [Aristotle of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristotle_of_Cyrene) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaics) |  |
| [Aristotle of Mytilene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristotle_of_Mytilene) | 2nd century AD | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Aristoxenus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristoxenus) | 4th century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Arius Didymus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arius_Didymus) | 1st century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Asclepiades of Phlius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asclepiades_of_Phlius) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Eretrian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eretrian_school) |  |
| [Asclepiades the Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asclepiades_the_Cynic) | 4th century AD | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Asclepigenia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asclepigenia) | 5th / 6th century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Asclepiodotus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asclepiodotus_%28philosopher%29) | 1st century BC |  |  |
| [Asclepiodotus of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asclepiodotus_of_Alexandria) | 5th century AD | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Aspasius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aspasius) | 2nd century AD | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Athenaeus of Seleucia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Athenaeus_of_Seleucia) | 1st century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Athenodoros Cananites](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Athenodoros_Cananites) | 1st century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Athenodoros Cordylion](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Athenodoros_Cordylion) | 2nd /1st century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Athenodorus of Soli](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Athenodorus_of_Soli) | 3rd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Attalus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attalus_%28Stoic%29) | 1st century BC / 1st century AD | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Atticus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atticus_%28philosopher%29) | 2nd century AD | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Basilides (Stoic)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Basilides_%28Stoic%29) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) | Denied the existence of incorporeal entities |
| [Basilides the Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Basilides_the_Epicurean) | 3rd / 2nd century BC | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) | Succeeded Dionysius of Lamptrai as the head of the Epicurean school at Athens |
| [Batis of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Batis_of_Lampsacus) | 3rd century BC | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Bion of Borysthenes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bion_of_Borysthenes) | 4th / 3rd century BC | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) | Once was a slave, later to be released |
| [Boethus of Sidon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Boethus_of_Sidon) | 1st century BC | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Boethus of Sidon (Stoic)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Boethus_of_Sidon_%28Stoic%29) | 2nd century BC | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Bolus of Mendes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bolus_of_Mendes) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Brontinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Brontinus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Bryson of Achaea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bryson_of_Achaea) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Callicles](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Callicles) | 5th century BCE | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist)? |  |
| [Calliphon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Calliphon) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Calliphon of Croton](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Calliphon_of_Croton) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Callistratus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Callistratus_%28sophist%29) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Carneades](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carneades) | c. 214 BC – 129/8 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Carneiscus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carneiscus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Cassius Longinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cassius_Longinus_%28philosopher%29) | c. 213–273 | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Cebes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cebes) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Celsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Celsus) |  |  |  |
| [Cercidas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cercidas) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Cercops](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cercops) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Chaerephon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chaerephon) |  | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method) |  |
| [Chamaeleon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chamaeleon_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Charmadas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Charmadas) | 164 BC - c. 95 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Chrysanthius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chrysanthius) | fl. 4th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Chrysippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chrysippus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Cleanthes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cleanthes) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Clearchus of Soli](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clearchus_of_Soli) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Cleinias of Tarentum](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cleinias_of_Tarentum) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Cleomedes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cleomedes) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Cleomenes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cleomenes_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Clinomachus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clinomachus) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Clitomachus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clitomachus_%28philosopher%29) | 187 BC - 109 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Colotes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Colotes) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Crantor](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crantor) | born c. 350 BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Crates of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crates_of_Athens) | died 268-265 BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Crates of Mallus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crates_of_Mallus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Crates of Thebes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crates_of_Thebes) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Cratippus of Pergamon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cratippus_of_Pergamon) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Cratylus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cratylus) |  | [Ephesian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ephesian_school) |  |
| [Crescens the Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crescens_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Crinis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crinis) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Critolaus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Critolaus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Cronius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cronius_the_Pythagorean) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Damascius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Damascius) | born c. 458, died after 538 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Damis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Damis) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Damo](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Damo_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Dardanus of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dardanus_of_Athens) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Demetrius Lacon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demetrius_Lacon) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Demetrius Phalereus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demetrius_Phalereus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Demetrius of Amphipolis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demetrius_of_Amphipolis) | fl. 4th century BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Demetrius the Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demetrius_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Democrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Democrates) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism)? |  |
| [Democritus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Democritus) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Atomist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atomist) |  |
| [Demonax](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demonax) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Dexippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dexippus_%28philosopher%29) | fl. 350 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Diagoras of Melos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diagoras_of_Melos) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Dicaearchus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dicaearchus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Dio Chrysostom](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dio_Chrysostom) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Diocles of Cnidus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diocles_of_Cnidus) | fl. 3rd or 2nd century BC? | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Diodorus Cronus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diodorus_Cronus) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Diodorus of Adramyttium](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diodorus_of_Adramyttium) | fl. 1st century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Diodorus of Aspendus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diodorus_of_Aspendus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Diodorus of Tyre](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diodorus_of_Tyre) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Diodotus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diodotus_the_Stoic) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Diogenes of Apollonia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Apollonia) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic) |  |
| [Diogenes of Babylon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Babylon) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Diogenes of Oenoanda](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Oenoanda) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Diogenes of Seleucia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Seleucia_%28Epicurean%29) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Diogenes of Sinope](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Sinope) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Diogenes of Tarsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diogenes_of_Tarsus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Dionysius of Chalcedon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dionysius_of_Chalcedon) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Dionysius of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dionysius_of_Cyrene) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Dionysius of Lamptrai](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dionysius_of_Lamptrai) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Dionysius the Renegade](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dionysius_the_Renegade) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Dio of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dio_of_Alexandria) | fl. 1st century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Diotima of Mantinea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diotima_of_Mantinea) |  |  |  |
| [Diotimus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diotimus_the_Stoic) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Domninus of Larissa](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domninus_of_Larissa) | c. 420 - c. 480 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Echecrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Echecrates) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Ecphantus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ecphantus_the_Pythagorean) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Empedocles](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Empedocles) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Pluralist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pluralist_school) |  |
| [Epicharmus of Kos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicharmus_of_Kos) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Epictetus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epictetus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) | wrote [*The Enchiridion*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Enchiridion_of_Epictetus), a handbook of Stoic ethical advice |
| [Epicurus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) | said that the purpose of philosophy was to attain tranquility characterized by [*ataraxia*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ataraxia) |
| [Eubulides](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eubulides) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Euclid of Megara](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euclid_of_Megara) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Eudemus of Rhodes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eudemus_of_Rhodes) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Eudorus of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eudorus_of_Alexandria) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Eudoxus of Cnidus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eudoxus_of_Cnidus) | 410/408 BC – 355/347 BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Euenus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euenus) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Euphantus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euphantus) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Euphraeus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euphraeus) |  |  |  |
| [Euphrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euphrates_the_Stoic) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Eurytus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eurytus_%28Pythagorean%29) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Eusebius of Myndus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eusebius_of_Myndus) | fl. 4th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Eustathius of Cappadocia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eustathius_of_Cappadocia) | c. 400 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Evander](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Evander_%28philosopher%29) | fl. c. 215 - c. 205 | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Favorinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Favorinus) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Gaius the Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaius_the_Platonist) | fl. 2nd century | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Geminus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geminus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Gorgias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gorgias) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Hagnon of Tarsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hagnon_of_Tarsus) | fl. 2nd century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Hecataeus of Abdera](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hecataeus_of_Abdera) |  | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) |  |
| [Hecato of Rhodes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hecato_of_Rhodes) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Hegesias of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hegesias_of_Cyrene) |  | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaic) |  |
| [Hegesinus of Pergamon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hegesinus_of_Pergamon) | fl. c. 160 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Hegias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hegias) | fl. c. 500 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Heliodorus of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heliodorus_of_Alexandria) | fl. 5th century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Heraclides Lembus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heraclides_Lembus) |  |  |  |
| [Heraclides Ponticus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heraclides_Ponticus) | 387 BC - 312 BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Heraclitus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heraclitus) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Ephesian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ephesian_school) | claimed that "You cannot step in the same river twice" and "All is fire." |
| [Heraclius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heraclius_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Herillus of Carthage](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Herillus_of_Carthage) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Hermagoras of Amphipolis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermagoras_of_Amphipolis) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Hermarchus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermarchus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Hermias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermias_%28philosopher%29) | born c. 410 - died c. 450 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Herminus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Herminus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Hermippus of Smyrna](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermippus_of_Smyrna) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Hermotimus of Clazomenae](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hermotimus_of_Clazomenae) |  |  |  |
| [Hicetas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hicetas) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Hierius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierius) | fl c. 500 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Hierocles of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierocles_of_Alexandria) | fl. c. 430 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Hierocles (Stoic)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierocles_%28Stoic%29) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Hieronymus of Rhodes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hieronymus_of_Rhodes) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Himerius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Himerius) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Hipparchia of Maroneia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hipparchia_of_Maroneia) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Hippasus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hippasus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Hippias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hippias) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Hippo](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hippo_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic) |  |
| [Horus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Horus_%28athlete%29) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Hypatia of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hypatia_of_Alexandria) | born 350-370 – 415 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Iamblichus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iamblichus) | c. 245-c. 325 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Ichthyas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ichthyas) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Idomeneus of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Idomeneus_of_Lampsacus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Ion of Chios](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ion_of_Chios) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Isidore of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isidore_of_Alexandria) | fl. c. 475 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Jason of Nysa](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jason_of_Nysa) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Lacydes of Cyrene](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lacydes_of_Cyrene) | before 241 - c. 205 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Leonteus of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Leonteus_of_Lampsacus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Leontion](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Leontion) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Leucippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Leucippus) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Atomist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atomist) |  |
| [Lyco of Iasos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lyco_of_Iasos) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Lyco of Troas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lyco_of_Troas) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Lycophron](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lycophron_%28Sophist%29) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Lysis of Taras](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lysis_of_Taras) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Marinus of Neapolis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Marinus_of_Neapolis) | born c. 450 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Maximus of Ephesus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Maximus_of_Ephesus) | died 372 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Maximus of Tyre](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Maximus_of_Tyre) | fl. 2nd century | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Meleager of Gadara](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meleager_of_Gadara) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Melissus of Samos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Melissus_of_Samos) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Eleatic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eleatic_school) |  |
| [Menedemus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Menedemus) |  | [Eretrian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eretrian_school) |  |
| [Menedemus of Pyrrha](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Menedemus_of_Pyrrha) | fl. c. 350 BC | [Academic Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonism) |  |
| [Menedemus the Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Menedemus_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Menippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Menippus) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Metrocles](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrocles) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Metrodorus of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Athens) |  |  |  |
| [Metrodorus of Chios](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Chios) |  | [Atomist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atomist) |  |
| [Metrodorus of Cos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Cos) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Metrodorus of Lampsacus (the elder)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Lampsacus_%28the_elder%29) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic) |  |
| [Metrodorus of Lampsacus (the younger)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Lampsacus_%28the_younger%29) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Metrodorus of Stratonicea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metrodorus_of_Stratonicea) | fl. 2nd century BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Mnesarchus of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mnesarchus_of_Athens) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Moderatus of Gades](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moderatus_of_Gades) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Monimus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Monimus) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Myia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Myia) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Nausiphanes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nausiphanes) |  | [Atomist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atomist) |  |
| [Nicarete of Megara](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nicarete_of_Megara) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Nicolaus of Damascus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nicolaus_of_Damascus) |  |  |  |
| [Nicomachus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nicomachus) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Nicomachus (son of Aristotle)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nicomachus_%28son_of_Aristotle%29) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Numenius of Apamea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Numenius_of_Apamea) | fl. c. 275 | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Nymphidianus of Smyrna](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nymphidianus_of_Smyrna) | fl. c. 360 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Ocellus Lucanus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ocellus_Lucanus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Oenomaus of Gadara](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Oenomaus_of_Gadara) |  | [Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Olympiodorus the Elder](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Olympiodorus_the_Elder) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Olympiodorus the Younger](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Olympiodorus_the_Younger) | c. 495-570 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Onasander](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Onasander) | fl. 1st century | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Onatas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Onatas_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Origen the Pagan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Origen_the_Pagan) | fl. c. 250 | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Panaetius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Panaetius) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Pancrates of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pancrates_of_Athens) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Panthoides](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Panthoides) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Parmenides of Elea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parmenides_of_Elea) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Eleatic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eleatic_school) | held that the only thing that exists is being itself; teacher of [Zeno of Elea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno_of_Elea) |
| [Pasicles of Thebes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pasicles_of_Thebes) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Patro the Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Patro_the_Epicurean) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Peregrinus Proteus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peregrinus_Proteus) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Persaeus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Persaeus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Phaedo of Elis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phaedo_of_Elis) |  | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method), [School of Elis](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=School_of_Elis&action=edit&redlink=1) |  |
| [Phaedrus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phaedrus_the_Epicurean) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Phanias of Eresus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phanias_of_Eresus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Phanto of Phlius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phanto_of_Phlius) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Philip of Opus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philip_of_Opus) | fl. 4th century BC | [Academic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonic_Academy) |  |
| [Philiscus of Aegina](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philiscus_of_Aegina) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Philiscus of Thessaly](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philiscus_of_Thessaly) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Philo](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philo) | 20 BC - 50 AD | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Philo of Larissa](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philo_of_Larissa) | 159/158 BC – 84/83 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Philo the Dialectician](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philo_the_Dialectician) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Philodemus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philodemus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Philolaus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philolaus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Philonides of Laodicea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philonides_of_Laodicea) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Philostratus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philostratus) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Phintys](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phintys) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Plato](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plato) | 428/427 BC - 348/347 BC | [Academic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonic_Academy) | student of Socrates and teacher of Aristotle; famous for the [Theory of Forms](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theory_of_Forms) |
| [Plotinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plotinus) | c. 204 – 270 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Plutarch](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plutarch) | c. 46 – 120 | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Plutarch of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plutarch_of_Athens) | c. 350 – 430 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Polemarchus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polemarchus) |  |  |  |
| [Polemon of Athens](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polemon_of_Athens) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Polemon of Laodicea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polemon_of_Laodicea) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Polemon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polemon_%28scholarch%29) | before 314 BC - 270/269 BC | [Academic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonic_Academy) |  |
| [Polus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polus) |  |  |  |
| [Polyaenus of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polyaenus_of_Lampsacus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Polystratus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polystratus_the_Epicurean) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Porphyry](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Porphyry_%28philosopher%29) | 234 – c. 305 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | taught by [Plotinus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plotinus); wrote the [*Isagoge*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isagoge), an introduction to [Aristotle's "Categories"](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Categories_%28Aristotle%29), |
| [Posidonius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Posidonius) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Potamo of Alexandria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Potamo_of_Alexandria) |  | [Eclecticism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eclecticism) |  |
| [Praxiphanes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Praxiphanes) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Priscian of Lydia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Priscian_of_Lydia) | fl. c. 550 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Priscus of Epirus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Priscus_of_Epirus) | c. 305-c. 395 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Proclus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Proclus) | 412 – 485 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Proclus Mallotes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Proclus_Mallotes) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Prodicus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Prodicus) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Protagoras](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Protagoras) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Ptolemy-el-Garib](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ptolemy-el-Garib) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Pyrrho](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrho) |  | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) | credited as being the first [skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Skepticism) philosopher |
| [Pythagoras](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoras) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Sallustius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sallustius) |  | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Sallustius of Emesa](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sallustius_of_Emesa) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Satyrus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Satyrus_the_Peripatetic) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Secundus the Silent](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Secundus_the_Silent) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Sextus of Chaeronea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sextus_of_Chaeronea) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Simmias of Thebes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simmias_of_Thebes) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Simon the Shoemaker](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simon_the_Shoemaker) |  | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method) |  |
| [Simplicius of Cilicia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simplicius_of_Cilicia) | c. 490 - c. 560 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Siro](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Siro_the_Epicurean) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Socrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socrates) |  | [Socratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Socratic_method) | founding figure of Western philosophy; died by drinking the hemlock |
| [Sopater of Apamea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sopater_of_Apamea) | died before 337 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Sosigenes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sosigenes_the_Peripatetic) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Sosipatra](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sosipatra) | fl. c. 325 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Sotion](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sotion_%28Pythagorean%29) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Speusippus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Speusippus) | c. 407 BC – 339 BC | [Academic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonic_Academy) |  |
| [Sphaerus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sphaerus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |
| [Stilpo](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stilpo) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Strato of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Strato_of_Lampsacus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Syrianus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syrianus) | died c. 437 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Telauges](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Telauges) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Telecles of Phocis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Telecles_of_Phocis) | died 167/166 BC | [Academic skeptic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic_skeptic) |  |
| [Teles the Cynic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Teles_the_Cynic) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Thales](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thales) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Milesian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Milesian_school) | the first philosopher; held that the first principle ([*arche*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arche)) is water; one of the [Seven Sages of Greece](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Seven_Sages_of_Greece) |
| [Theagenes of Patras](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theagenes_of_Patras) |  | [Cynicism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cynicism_%28philosophy%29) |  |
| [Theano](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theano_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Themista of Lampsacus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Themista_of_Lampsacus) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) |  |
| [Themistius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Themistius) |  | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Theodorus of Asine](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theodorus_of_Asine) | fl. 3rd century | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) |  |
| [Theodorus the Atheist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theodorus_the_Atheist) |  | [Cyrenaic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyrenaic) |  |
| [Theon of Smyrna](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theon_of_Smyrna) |  | [Neopythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neopythagorean) |  |
| [Theophrastus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Theophrastus) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Thrasymachus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thrasymachus) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Thrasymachus of Corinth](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thrasymachus_of_Corinth) |  | [Megarian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Megarian_school) |  |
| [Timaeus of Locri](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timaeus_of_Locri) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Timaeus the Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timaeus_the_Sophist) | fl. between 1st and 4th centuries | [Middle Platonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle_Platonist) |  |
| [Timon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timon_%28philosopher%29) |  | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) |  |
| [Timycha](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timycha) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) |  |
| [Tisias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tisias) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Xenarchus of Seleucia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xenarchus_of_Seleucia) |  | [Peripatetic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peripatetic_school) |  |
| [Xeniades](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xeniades) |  | [Pyrrhonist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pyrrhonist) |  |
| [Xenocrates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xenocrates) | c. 396 BC – 314 BC | [Academic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platonic_Academy) |  |
| [Xenophanes of Colophon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xenophanes) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Eleatic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eleatic_school) | claimed that, if oxen were able to imagine gods, those gods would be in the image of oxen |
| [Xenophilus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xenophilus) |  | [Pythagorean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagoreanism) | friend and teacher of [Aristoxenus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aristoxenus) |
| [Zenobius](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zenobius) |  | [Sophist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sophist) |  |
| [Zenodotus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zenodotus_%28philosopher%29) | fl. c. 475 | [Neoplatonic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neoplatonic) | described as "the darling of [Proclus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Proclus)" |
| [Zeno of Citium](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno_of_Citium) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) | founder of the Stoic school of philosophy |
| [Zeno of Elea](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno_of_Elea) |  | [Presocratic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presocratic), [Eleatic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eleatic_school) | famous creator of [Zeno's paradoxes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno%27s_paradoxes) |
| [Zeno of Sidon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno_of_Sidon) |  | [Epicurean](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epicurean) | sometimes termed the "leading Epicurean" |
| [Zeno of Tarsus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeno_of_Tarsus) |  | [Stoic](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stoicism) |  |

**See also**

* [List of ancient Platonists](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_ancient_Platonists)
* [List of Cynic philosophers](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Cynic_philosophers)
* [List of Epicurean philosophers](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Epicurean_philosophers)
* [List of Stoic philosophers](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Stoic_philosophers)

This page was last modified on 4 June 2015, at 19:13.